# ON STRONGLY PRIME NEAR-RINGS OF CONTINUOUS FUNCTIONS

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A right near-ring $N$ is called strongly prime if for each $0 \neq x \in N$ there exists a finite subset $F$ (called an insulator of $N$) such that $aFx = 0$ implies $x = 0$ for all $x \in N$. In this talk we will consider when the near-ring $N_0(G)$ of zero-preserving continuous self-maps of a topological group $G$ and its factor rings are strongly prime. We will investigate the strongly prime radical of $N_0(G)$. This is completely described when $G = \mathbb{R}$, but substantial difficulties are encountered with more general topological groups, even in the case $G = \mathbb{R}^n$, where $n > 1$. Some of the above results will also be extended to sandwich near-rings of continuous functions.