

SYMMETRIES ON BDD OBSERVABLES

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H Hilbert space

$$\mathcal{S}(H), \quad \mathcal{E}(H) = \{A \in \mathcal{S}(H) : 0 \leq A \leq I\}$$

Symmetries:

$$\begin{aligned} \phi: \mathcal{S}(H) &\rightarrow \mathcal{S}(H) \\ \mathcal{E}(H) &\rightarrow \mathcal{E}(H) \quad \text{bijective} \end{aligned}$$

$$A \leftrightarrow B \iff \phi(A) \leftrightarrow \phi(B)$$

$$A \leq B \iff \phi(A) \leq \phi(B)$$

$$\phi(ABA) = \phi(A)\phi(B)\phi(A)$$

⋮

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$$\phi: \mathcal{L}(H) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(H) \text{ bij.}$$

$$AB = BA \iff \phi(A)\phi(B) = \phi(B)\phi(A)$$

$$A \leftrightarrow B \Rightarrow A^2 \leftrightarrow C^B$$

$$\phi(A) = U \int_A(A) U^*$$

$$\phi: \mathcal{L}(H) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(H) \text{ bij}$$

$$A \leq B \iff \phi(A) \leq \phi(B)$$

\Downarrow

$$\phi(A) = TAT^* + S$$

PD. $\phi: \mathcal{L}(H) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(H)$ bijective

$$A \leq B \Leftrightarrow \phi(A) \leq \phi(B)$$

LUDWIG : $A^\perp = I - A$

$$\phi(A^\perp) = \phi(A)^\perp$$

\Downarrow

$$\phi(A) = UAU^*$$

MOLNÁR : 1) coexistence $\Rightarrow \phi(A) = UAU^*$

2) $AB = 0 \Leftrightarrow \phi(A)\phi(B) = 0$

\Downarrow

$$\phi(A) = U \int_P(A) U^*$$

$$f_p(x) = \frac{x}{px + (1-p)}$$

$$f_p: [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1] \text{ bij.}$$

$$A, B \in \mathcal{E}(H) \text{ \& } A \leq B \Rightarrow \int_p(A) \leq \int_p(B)$$

$$3) \exists \lambda, \mu \in (0, 1) : \phi(\lambda I) = \mu I$$

⇐

$$\phi(A) = U \int_p(A) U^*$$

$$A \mapsto \left(\frac{T^2}{2I - T^2} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left((I - T^2 + T(I+A)^{-1}T)^{-1} - I \right) \left(\frac{T^2}{2I - T^2} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$A, B \in \mathcal{Y}(H)$$

$$A \text{ adj. to } B \Leftrightarrow \text{rank}(B - A) = 1$$

$$A \text{ adj. to } B \Rightarrow$$

$$B = A + tP \Rightarrow$$

$$A \leq B \quad \text{or} \quad B \leq A$$

\Downarrow

$$[A, B] = \{ A + tP : 0 \leq t \leq 1 \}$$

\Downarrow

$$C, D \in [A, B] \Rightarrow C \leq D \text{ or } D \leq C$$

ϕ : bijective & preserves order (comp.)



ϕ preserves adjacency

A, B adj. $\Leftrightarrow \phi(A), \phi(B)$ adj.

line $\{A + tP : t \in \mathbb{R}\}$



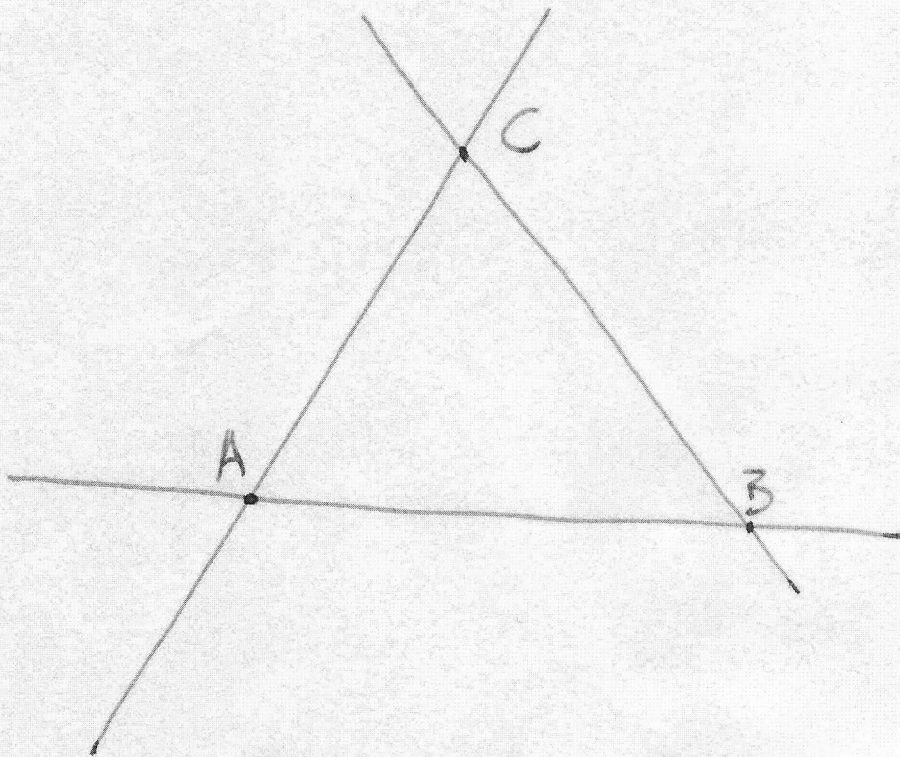
maximal adjacent set

lines $\xrightarrow{\phi}$ lines

~~FTAF~~

Geometry: lines, points

no triangles



WLOG: $A = 0$

$B = 1P$

$\therefore C = 2Q$

$$M_3 = \{ (x, y, z, t) : x, y, z, t \in \mathbb{D} \}$$

(x_1, y_1, z_1, t_1) coherent (x_2, y_2, z_2, t_2)

$$(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2 + (z_2 - z_1)^2 = c^2(t_2 - t_1)^2$$

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} ct_1 + z_1 & x_1 + iy_1 \\ x_1 - iy_1 & ct_1 - z_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A_2

$$\det(A_2 - A_1) = c^2(t_2 - t_1)^2 - (z_2 - z_1)^2 - (x_2 - x_1)^2 - (y_2 - y_1)^2$$

$$A \leq B$$

$$[A, B] = \{C \in \mathcal{S}(H) : A \leq C \leq B\}$$

$$\phi: [A, B] \rightarrow [C, D] \text{ bijective}$$

ϕ order automf:

$$A \leq B \Leftrightarrow \phi(A) \leq \phi(B)$$

ϕ order anti-automf:

$$A \leq B \Leftrightarrow \phi(B) \leq \phi(A)$$

Examples:

$$[A, B] \rightarrow [A+C, B+C]$$

$$T \mapsto T+C$$

$$[A, B] \rightarrow [CAC^*, CBC^*]$$

$$T \mapsto CTC^*$$

$$0 < A < B$$

$$[A, B] \rightarrow [B^{-1}, A^{-1}]$$

$$T \mapsto T^{-1}$$

$$0 < E \leq F \Rightarrow F^{-1/2} E F^{-1/2} \leq I \Rightarrow I \leq F^{1/2} E^{-1} F^{1/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow F^{-1} \leq E^{-1}$$

$$A \mapsto \left(\frac{T^2}{2I - T^2}\right)^{-1/2} \left((I - T^2 + T(I+A)^{-1}T)^{-1} - I \right) \left(\frac{T^2}{2I - T^2}\right)^{-1/2}$$

$$A \mapsto I+A \mapsto (I+A)^{-1} \mapsto T(I+A)^{-1}T$$

$$\mapsto I - T^2 + T(I+A)^{-1}T \mapsto (I - T^2 + T(I+A)^{-1}T)^{-1}$$

$$\mapsto (I - T^2 + T(I+A)^{-1}T)^{-1} - I$$

$$0 \mapsto 0$$

$$I \mapsto T^2(2I - T^2)^{-1}$$

$r > 0$

$$A \mapsto r(r+1) \left[(rI + A)^{-1} - \frac{1}{r+1} I \right] = \delta(A)$$

order-antiauto of $E(H)$

$$\delta(A) = g_r(A)$$

$$g_r(x) = r \frac{1-x}{r+x}$$

$$g_0(g_r(x)) = \frac{x}{px + (1-p)}, \quad x \in [0, 1]$$

$$p = \frac{r-1}{S(r+1)}$$

$$\underline{T_H} = \phi: \mathcal{L}(H) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(H) \text{ bij.}$$

$$A \leq B \Leftrightarrow \phi(A) \leq \phi(B)$$

\Downarrow

$$\exists p, q \in (-\infty, 1)$$

$$T: H \rightarrow H \text{ bij., bounded, } \frac{1}{2}\text{-lin.}$$

$$\|T\| \leq 1$$

$$\phi(A) = \int_{\Omega} \left(\left(\int_P (T T^*) \right)^{-1/2} \int_P (T A T^*) \left(\int_P (T T^*) \right)^{-1/2} \right)$$

$$\phi: \mathcal{L}(H) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(H) \text{ bij.}$$

$$A \text{ comp. } B \Leftrightarrow \phi(A) \text{ comp. } \phi(B)$$

$$\text{More examples: } A \mapsto A^\perp = I - A$$

$$A \mapsto \begin{cases} A & : A \neq 0, I \\ I & : A = 0 \\ 0 & : A = I \end{cases}$$

BACK to Lajos:

$$\phi: \mathcal{E}(H) \rightarrow \mathcal{E}(H) \text{ bij}$$

$$A \leq B \Leftrightarrow \phi(A) \leq \phi(B)$$

$$\exists \lambda, \mu \in (0, 1) : \phi(\lambda I) = \mu I$$

\Downarrow

$$\phi(A) = U \int_{\rho} (A) U^*$$

Step 1 $\phi: (0, I) \rightarrow (0, I)$

\Downarrow

$$\phi\left(\frac{1}{2}I\right) = \rho \in (0, I)$$

$$\xi(\rho) = \frac{1}{2}I$$

$$(\xi \circ \phi)\left(\frac{1}{2}I\right) = \frac{1}{2}I$$